

## Model Lesson Plan Social Studies

## Grade 6 - Topic 2 - Strategic Skill: Evaluating Information Quality

## **Stage 1 - Desired Results**

## **Established Goals:**

• Students evaluate information quality (e.g., accuracy, relevance, fact, fiction, primary or secondary source, point of view, embedded values of author). (SS 1:8.2)

## **Understandings:**

- Students understand ways to determine the accuracy of information (finding errors by reading and comparing, finding inconsistencies or variations in facts). (Review)
- Students understand information relevance; that is, how does the information which was found relate to the information needed. (Review)
- Students understand the differences between fiction and fact. (Review)
- Students know differences between primary and secondary sources, and identify relevant primary and secondary sources in the context of learning about MT Indians.
- Students identify the point of view(s) in fiction and non-fiction selections, including information about MT Indians.
- Students identify the embedded values of authors in fiction and non-fiction selections, including information about MT Indians.

## **Essential Questions:**

- How can we determine whether the facts we find or hear are accurate?
- Does the information we find relate to the information we need? How important is it?
- How can we determine the difference between fiction and facts?

#### Students will know...

- Good readers evaluate the information they find, and decide whether it is accurate. (SS GLE 1.2, ML 1.4.4, RDG GLE 3.2)
- Accuracy of information is essential.
- Good readers identify the points of view in a story or narrative; knowing the point(s) of view helps the reader to understand where the information is coming from.
- Good readers can identify first-person point of view; in a first person point of view, one character in the story usually tells the story.
- Good readers identify stories/narratives written from the third-person point of view; this is a story or narrative told by a narrator/observer outside the story.
- Good readers identify and evaluate the author's point of view as a part of determining the author's embedded values.

### Students will be able to...

- Read information to verify facts for accuracy. They can detect errors, inconsistencies, and list only the accurate facts found about a particular event or person.
- Determine the relevance of information they find, evaluating it to determine whether it should be included in a report.
- Identify the point of view of a story/narrative, including first-person point of view and third-person point of view. [basic level]
- As a classroom group, and with teacher assistance, critique for an author's embedded values. [basic level]
- Keep a notebook or log of new words, ideas, and notes, and review this information at intervals decided by the teacher.

## **Stage 2 - Assessment Evidence**

### Performace Tasks:

- Each student evaluates information quality—accuracy, usefulness, fact/fiction.
- Students utilize student rubrics to gauge their own performance.
- Students, given passages and brief narratives, can detect errors, inconsistencies, accurate facts, inaccuracies, information relevance, points of view, and embedded values of authors. (Frequent checks through reading, listening, informational research).

## **Other Evidence:**

## **Stage 3 - Learning Plan**

#### **Vocabulary/Concepts:**

- NEW: Primary Sources, Secondary Sources, Point of View, Embedded values of authors.
- REVIEW: stereotypes, biases

#### **Background:**

These are pivotal skills for grade six students. These skills lay the foundation for understanding and appropriately utilizing primary and secondary documents.

Winter 2006

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